

Appendix A – The Practice will share patient information with these organisations where there is a legal basis to do so.

Activity	Rationale
Commissioning and contractual purposes Invoice Validation Planning Quality and Performance	Purpose – Anonymous data is used by the Integrated Care Board (ICB) for planning, performance and commissioning purposes, as directed in the practices contract, to provide services as a public authority. Legal Basis – UK GDPR 6 1(b) Contractual obligation as set out in the Health and Social Care Act for Quality and Safety 2015 Patients may opt out of having their personal confidential data used for Planning or research. Please contact your surgery to apply a Type 1 Opt out or logon to https://www.nhs.uk/your-nhs-data-matters/manage-your-choice/ to apply a National Data Opt Out Processor – Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Berkshire West Integrated Care System (BOB ICS)
Summary Care Record Including additional information	Purpose –The NHS in England uses a national electronic record called the Summary Care Record (SCR) to support patient care. It contains key information from your GP record. Your SCR provides authorised healthcare staff with faster, secure access to essential information about you in an emergency or when you need unplanned care, where such information would otherwise be unavailable. Legal Basis – Direct Care under UK GDPR : - Article 6(1)(e) ‘...necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority...’; and - Article 9(2)(h) ‘necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine Patients have the right to opt out of having their information shared with the SCR by completion of the form which can be downloaded here and returned to the practice. Please note that by opting out of having your information shared with the Summary Care Record could result in a delay to care that may be required in an emergency. Processor – NHS England and NHS Digital

Research	Purpose – We may share anonymous patient information with research companies for the purpose of exploring new ways of providing healthcare and treatment for patients with certain conditions. This data will not be used for any other purpose. Where personal confidential data is shared your consent will need to be required. Where you have opted out of having your identifiable information shared for this Planning or Research your information will not be shared. Legal Basis – Where sharing of personal identifiable data is required the legal basis of Article 6 1 (a) and 9 2 (h) Consent will be required. Where identifiable data is required for research, patient consent will be needed, unless there is a legitimate reason under law to do so or there is support under the Health Service (Control of Patient Information Regulations) 2002 ('section 251 support') applying via the Confidentiality Advisory Group in England and Wales Sharing of aggregated non identifiable data is permitted. Processor – NIHR Clinical Research Network
Safeguarding Adults	Purpose – We will share personal confidential information with the safeguarding team where there is a need to assess and evaluate any safeguarding concerns and to protect the safety of individuals. Consent may not be required to share information for this purpose. Legal Basis – in some case consent will be required otherwise - Article 6(1)(e) '...necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority...'; and - Article 9(2)(h) 'necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine Data Processor – Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Berkshire West Integrated Care System (BOB ICS) safeguarding team
Safeguarding Children	Purpose – We will share children's personal information where there is a need to assess and evaluate any safeguarding concerns and to protect the safety of children. Legal Basis - - Article 6(1)(e) '...necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority...'; and - Article 9(2)(h) 'necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine Consent may not be required to share this information.

	Data Processor – Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Berkshire West Integrated Care System (BOB ICS) safeguarding team
Risk Stratification – Preventative Care	Purpose - ‘Risk stratification for case finding’ is a process for identifying and managing patients who have or may be at-risk of health conditions (such as diabetes) or who are most likely to need healthcare services (such as people with frailty). Risk stratification tools used in the NHS help determine a person’s risk of suffering a particular condition and enable us to focus on preventing ill health before it develops. Information about you is collected from a number of sources including NHS Trusts, GP Federations and your GP Practice. A risk score is then arrived at through an analysis of your de-identified information. This can help us identify and offer you additional services to improve your health. If you do not wish information about you to be included in any risk stratification programmes, please let us know. We can add a code to your records that will stop your information from being used for this purpose. Please be aware that this may limit the ability of healthcare professionals to identify if you have or are at risk of developing certain serious health conditions. Type of Data – Identifiable/Pseudonymised/Anonymised/Aggregate Data Legal Basis UK GDPR Art. 6(1) (e) Public task and Art.9 (2) (h) Health data. The use of identifiable data by ICBs and GPs for risk stratification has been approved by the Secretary of State, through the Confidentiality Advisory Group of the Health Research Authority (approval reference (CAG 7-04)(a)/2013)) and this approval has been extended to the end of September 2023 NHS England Risk Stratification which gives us a statutory legal basis under Section 251 of the NHS Act 2006 to process data for risk stratification purposes which sets aside the duty of confidentiality. We are committed to conducting risk stratification effectively, in ways that are consistent with the laws that protect your confidentiality. Processors – Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Berkshire West Integrated Care System (BOB ICS)
Public Health Screening programmes (identifiable) Notifiable disease information (identifiable) Smoking cessation (anonymous) Sexual health (anonymous) Vaccination Programmes	Purpose – Personal identifiable and anonymous data is shared. The NHS provides national screening programmes so that certain diseases can be detected at an early stage. These currently apply to bowel cancer, breast cancer, aortic aneurysms and diabetic retinal screening service to name a few. The law allows us to share your contact information, and certain aspects of information relating to the screening with Public Health England so that you can be appropriately invited to the relevant screening programme. More information can be found at: https://www.gov.uk/topic/population-screeningprogrammes [Or insert relevant link] or speak to the practice

	Patients may not opt out of having their personal information shared for Public Health reasons. Patients may opt out of being screened at the time of receiving an invitation. Legal Basis: Sharing personal data for this purpose is governed by the COPI Reg 2. Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller” 6 1 (f) Legitimate interests And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below 9 2 (i) Public health Data Processors – Public Health England Thames Valley Health Protection Team
Direct Care NHS Trusts Community Providers Pharmacies Enhanced care providers Nursing Homes Other Care Providers Midwives Health Visitors District Nurses	Purpose – Personal information is shared with other secondary care trusts and providers in order to provide you with individual direct care services. This could be hospitals or community providers for a range of services, including treatment, operations, physio, and community nursing, ambulance service. Legal Basis - The processing of personal data in the delivery of direct care and for providers’ administrative purposes in this surgery and in support of direct care elsewhere is supported under the following Article 6 1 (e) direct care and 9 2 (h) to provide health or social care: In some cases patients may be required to consent to having their record opened by the third party provider before patients information is accessed. Where there is an overriding need to access the GP record in order to provide patients with life saving care, their consent will not be required. Processors – Oxford University Hospital NHS Trust
Care Quality Commission	Purpose – The CQC is the regulator for the English Health and Social Care services to ensure that safe care is provided. They will inspect and produce reports back to the GP practice on a regular basis. The Law allows the CQC to access identifiable data. More detail on how they ensure compliance with data protection law (including UK GDPR) and their privacy statement is <u>available on our website: https://www.cqc.org.uk/about-us/our-policies/privacy-statement</u> Legal Basis – - Article 6(1)(e) ‘...processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation’; and - Article 9(2)(h) ‘necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine Processors – Care Quality Commission
Population Health Management	Purpose – Health and care services work together as ‘Integrated Care Systems’ (ICS) and are sharing data in order to:

	• Understand the health and care needs of the care system's population, including health inequalities • Provide support to where it will have the most impact • Identify early actions to keep people well, not only focusing on people in direct contact with services, but looking to join up care across different partners. (NB this links to the Risk Stratification activity identified above) Type of Data – Identifiable/Pseudonymised/Anonymised/Aggregate Data. NB only organisations that provide your care will see your identifiable data. Legal Basis - Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) as stated below Data Processors - Ardens
Payments, Invoice validation	Purpose - Contract holding GPs in the UK receive payments from their respective governments on a tiered basis. Most of the income is derived from baseline capitation payments made according to the number of patients registered with the practice on quarterly payment days. These amounts paid per patient per quarter varies according to the age, sex and other demographic details for each patient. There are also graduated payments made according to the practice's achievement of certain agreed national quality targets known as the Quality and Outcomes Framework (QOF), for instance the proportion of diabetic patients who have had an annual review. Practices can also receive payments for participating in agreed national or local enhanced services, for instance opening early in the morning or late at night or at the weekends. Practices can also receive payments for certain national initiatives such as immunisation programs and practices may also receive incomes relating to a variety of non-patient related elements such as premises. Finally there are short term initiatives and projects that practices can take part in. Practices or GPs may also receive income for participating in the education of medical students, junior doctors and GPs themselves as well as research. In order to make patient based payments basic and relevant necessary data about you needs to be sent to the various payment services. The release of this data is required by English laws. Legal Basis - Article 6(1)(c) “processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject.” And Article 9(2)(h) ‘as stated below Data Processors – NHS England, Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Berkshire West Integrated Care System (BOB ICS), Public Health
GP Connect	Purpose - We use a facility called GP Connect to support your direct care. GP Connect makes patient information available to all appropriate clinicians when and where they need it, to support direct patients care, leading to improvements in both care and outcomes. GP Connect is not used for any purpose other than direct care. Authorised Clinicians such as GPs, NHS 111 Clinicians, Care Home Nurses (if you are in a Care Home), Secondary Care Trusts, Social

	Care Clinicians are able to access the GP records of the patients they are treating via a secure NHS Digital service called GP connect. The NHS 111 service (and other services) will be able to book appointments for patients at GP practices and other local services. Further details about GP Connect are available here. Legal Basis – Direct Care under UK GDPR : - Article 6(1)(e) ‘...necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority...’; and - Article 9(2)(h) ‘necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine Processor – NHS Digital
Patient Record data base	Purpose – Your medical record will be processed in order that a data base can be maintained, this is managed in a secure way and there are robust processes in place to ensure your medical record is kept accurate, and up to date. Your record will follow you as you change surgeries throughout your life. Closed records will be archived by NHS England Legal Basis - Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) as stated below Processor – EMIS web, Accurx, PCSE and Thames Valley and Surrey Care Records Partnership
Patient Triage	Purpose – The Accurx patient-initiated messaging feature allows patients to request and receive support relating to their healthcare concerns. Your medical record will be processed in order that a data base can be maintained, this is managed in a secure way and there are robust processes in place to ensure your medical record is kept accurate, and up to date. Your record will follow you as you change surgeries throughout your life. Closed records will be archived by NHS England Legal Basis - Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) as stated below Processor – Accurx
Medical reports Subject Access Requests	Purpose – Your medical record may be shared in order that: Solicitors/persons acting on your behalf can conduct certain actions as instructed by you. Insurance companies seeking a medical reports where you have applied for services offered by then can have a copy to your medical history for a specific purpose. We use a processor, iGPR Technologies Limited (“iGPR”), to assist us with responding to report requests relating to your patient data, such as subject access requests that you submit to us (or that someone acting on your behalf submits to us) and report requests that insurers submit to us under the Access to Medical Records Act

	1988 in relation to a life insurance policy that you hold or that you are applying for. iGPR manages the reporting process for us by reviewing and responding to requests in accordance with our instructions and all applicable laws, including UK data protection laws. The instructions we issue to iGPR include general instructions on responding to requests and specific instructions on issues that will require further consultation with the GP responsible for your care. Legal Basis – under GDPR Article 6 1 (a) and 9 2 (a) explicit consent will be required before a GP can share your record for either for these purposes. Processor – Solicitors, Insurance organisations, iGPR
Medicines Management Team Medicines Optimisation	Purpose – your medical record is shared with the medicines management team pharmacists, in order that your medication can be kept up to date and any necessary changes to medication can be implemented. Legal Basis - Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below Processor – Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Berkshire West Integrated Care System (BOB ICS)
Primary Care Network (PCN)	Purpose – Your medical record will be shared with the Church Street Practice in order that they can provide direct care services to the patient population. Legal Basis - Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below Processor – Wantage PCN
Smoking cessation	Purpose – personal information is shared in order for the smoking cessation service to be provided. Only those patients who wish to be party to this service will have their data shared Legal Basis – Article 6 1 (a) and 9 2 (h) consent Processor – Oxford County Council
Social Prescribers	Purpose – Access to medical records is provided to social prescribers to undertake a full service to patients dependent on their health social care needs. Only those patients who wish to be party to this service will have their data shared Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below

	Processor – Wantage PCN
Police	Purpose – Personal confidential information may be shared with the Police authority for certain purposes. The level of sharing and purpose for sharing may vary. Where there is a legal basis for this information to be shared consent will not always be required. The Police will require the correct documentation in order to make a request. This could be but not limited to, DS 2, Court order, s137, the prevention and detection of a crime. Or where the information is necessary to protect a person or community. Legal Basis – UK GDPR –6 1 (c) Legal Obligation. Article 6 1 (f) legitimate interest Article 9 2 (f) requests for legal reasons Processor – Thames Valley Police
Coroner Medical Examiner	Purpose – Personal health records or information relating to a deceased patient may be shared with the coroner or medical examiner upon request. Legal Basis – UK GDPR Article 6 1 (c) Legal Obligation 9 2 (h) Health data Processor – The Coroner, Medical Examiner
Community Medical Examiners OUH NHS	Purpose: Purpose: Medical records associated with deceased patients are outside scope of the UK GDPR. However, next of kin details are within the scope of the UK GDPR. We will share specified deceased patient records and next of kin details with the Medical Examiners within Oxford University Hospital Legal Basis: Article 6(1)(c) – necessary under a legal obligation to which the controller is subject”; and Article 9(2)(h)– “processing is necessary for the purposes of preventive or occupational medicine, for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems and services” Processor: Community Medical Examiners service - OUH
Private healthcare providers	Purpose – Personal information shared with private health care providers in order to deliver direct care to patients at the patient’s request. Consent from the patient will be required to share data with Private Providers. Legal Basis – Article 6 1 (a) and 9 2 (h) Consented and under contract between the patient and the provider Provider – Manor Hospital Oxford

Messaging Service	Purpose – Personal identifiable information shared with the messaging service in order that messages including; appointment reminders; results; campaign messages related to specific patients health needs; and direct messages to patients, can be transferred to the patient in a safe way. Legal Basis – UK GDPR Article 6 1 (b) Contract, Article 6 1 (e) Public task, Article 9 2 (h) Health data Provider - AccuRX,
Remote consultation Including – Video Consultation Clinical photography	Purpose – Personal information including images may be processed, stored and with the patients consent shared, in order to provide the patient with urgent medical advice. Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below Patients may be videod or asked to provide photographs with consent. There are restrictions on what the practice can accept photographs of. No photographs of the full face, no intimate areas, no pictures of patients who cannot consent to the process. No pictures of children. Processor – AccuRX,
MDT meetings	Purpose – For some long term conditions, the practice participates in meetings with staff from other agencies involved in providing care, to help plan the best way to provide care to patients with these conditions. Personal data will be shared with other agencies in order that mutual care packages can be decided. Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below Processor – MS Teams
COVID-19 Research and Planning	Purpose – As we move away from the initial response to COVID-19 the health and social care system will need to continue to take action to manage and mitigate the spread and impact of the outbreak. This includes ensuring that approved researchers can continue to securely access pseudonymised data held by GP IT systems to assist the health and care service’s response to COVID-19. By recognising trends in COVID-19 diseases and identifying risks it poses; controlling and preventing the spread of COVID-19; monitoring and managing outbreaks You can find further information here: COVID-19: notification to GPs and NHS England to share information - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) NHS England » OpenSAFELY – the Coronavirus (COVID-19) Research Platform

	Legal Basis – In order to share personal confidential data with other agencies for research or planning. Either the Article 6 1 (a) and 9 2 (a) Explicit consent will be required. And 6 1 (c) compliance with a legal obligation or The Processor would need to meet Section 251 CAG approval. or It would need to be approved under direct care to patients Article 6 1 (e) Public Task and 9 2 (h) Health data Provider – COVID vaccination Hubs, BIOBANK, Oxford University,
General Practice Extraction Service (GPES) 1. Covid-19 At risk patients data collection Version 5 2. Covid-19 Planning and Research data 3. CVDPREVENT Audit 4. Physical Health Checks for people with Severe Mental Illness	Purpose – GP practices are required to provide data extraction of their patients’ personal confidential information for various purposes to NHS Digital. The objective of this data collection is on an ongoing basis to identify patients registered at General Practices who fit within a certain criterion, in order to monitor and either provide direct care, or prevent serious harm to those patients. Below is a list of the purposes for the data extraction, by using the link you can find out the detail behind each data extraction and how your information will be used to inform this essential work: 1. At risk patients including severely clinically vulnerable 2. COVID-19 At Risk Patients - NHS Digital 3. NHS England has directed NHS Digital to collect and analyse data in connection with Cardiovascular Disease Prevention Audit 4. GPES Physical Health Checks for people with Severe Mental Illness (PHSMI) data collection. Legal Basis - All GP Practices in England are legally required to share data with NHS Digital for this purpose under section 259(1)(a) and (5) of the 2012 Act Further detailed legal basis can be found in each link. Any objections to this data collection should be made directly to NHS Digital. enquiries@nhsdigital.nhs.uk Processor – NHS Digital
Medication/Prescribing	Purpose: Prescriptions containing personal identifiable and health data will be shared with organisations who provide medicines management including chemists/pharmacies, in order to provide patients with essential medication regime management, medicines and or treatment as their health needs dictate. This process is achieved either by face to face contact with the patient or electronically. Pharmacists may be employed to review medication, Patients may be referred to pharmacists to assist with diagnosis and care for minor treatment, patients may have specified a nominated pharmacy they may wish their repeat or acute prescriptions to be ordered and sent directly to the pharmacy making a more efficient

	process. Arrangements can also be made with the pharmacy to deliver care and medication Legal Basis : Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below Processor – Pharmacy of choice
Professional Training	Purpose – We are a training surgery. Our clinical team are required to be exposed to on the job, clinical experience, as well as continual professional development. On occasion you may be asked if you are happy to be seen by one of our GP registrars, pharmacists or other clinical team to assist with their training as a clinical professional. You may also be asked if you would be happy to have a consultation recorded for training purposes. These recordings will be shared and discussed with training GPs at the surgery, and also with moderators at the RCGP and HEE. Legal Basis – 6 1 (a) consent, patients will be asked if they wish to take part in training sessions. 9 2 (a) - explicit consent will be required when making recordings of consultations Recordings remain the control of the GP practice and they will delete all recordings from the secure site once they are no longer required. Processor – RCGP, HEE, iConnect, Fourteen Fish
Telephony	Purpose – The practice use an internet based telephony system that records telephone calls, for their own purpose and to assist with patient consultations. The telephone system has been commissioned to assist with the high volume and management of calls into the surgery, which in turn will enable a better service to patients. Legal Basis – While there is a robust contract in place with the processor, the surgery has undertaken this service to assist with the direct care of patients in a more efficient way. Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below Provider – Surgery Connect – X-ON
Learning Disability Mortality Programme LeDer	Purpose : The Learning Disability Mortality Review (LeDeR) programme was commissioned by NHS England to investigate the death of patients with learning difficulties and Autism to assist with processes to improve the standard and quality of care for people living with a learning disability and Autism. Records of deceased patients who meet with this criteria will be shared with NHS England. Legal Basis: It has approval from the Secretary of State under section 251 of the NHS Act 2006 to process patient identifiable information who fit within a certain criteria.

	Processor : Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Berkshire West Integrated Care System (BOB ICS), NHS England
Technical Solution Pseudonymisation	Purpose: Personal confidential and special category data in the form of medical record, is extracted under contract for the purpose of pseudonymisation. This will allow no patient to be identified within the data set that is created. SCWCSU has been commissioned to provide a data processing service for the GPs, no other processing will be undertaken under this contract. Legal Basis: Under UK GDPR the legitimate purpose for this activity is under contract to provide assistance. Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below Processor: SCW CSU
Shared Care Record	Purpose: In order for the practice to have access to a shared record, the Integrated Care Service has commissioned a number of systems including GP connect, which is managed by NHS Digital, to enable a shared care record, which will assist in patient information to be used for a number of care related services. These may include Population Health Management, Direct Care, and analytics to assist with planning services for the use of the local health population. Where data is used for secondary uses no personal identifiable data will be used. Where personal confidential data is used for Research explicit consent will be required. Legal Basis: Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below Processor: NHS Digital
Local shared care record EMIS web	Purpose: Health and Social care services are developing shared systems to share data efficiently and quickly. It is important for anyone treating you to be able to access your shared record so that they have all the information they need to care for you. This will be during your routine appointments and in urgent situations such as going to A&E, calling 111 or going to an Out of hours appointment. It is also quicker for staff to access a shared record than to try to contact other staff by phone or email. Only authorised staff can access the systems and the information they see is carefully checked so that it relates to their job. Systems do not share all your data, just data which services have agreed is necessary to include. Legal Basis: Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below

	Processor: EMIS web
Home Visiting Service	Purpose: Personal Confidential data is shared with PML in order to provide a service which allows them to visit patients at their homes. Legal Basis: The legal basis for this activity under UK GDPR is Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below. Processor : PML
First Contact Physio (FCP)	Purpose: Personal Confidential data is shared with PML in order to provide a service which allows them to visit patients at their homes. Legal Basis: The legal basis for this activity under UK GDPR is Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below. Processor : Flex Physiotherapy Practice (PracticeLink Ltd)
Clinical Document Processing	Purpose: We use a service called BetterLetter (www.betterletter.ai) to support the processing and actioning of clinical documents received by the Practice (e.g. letters from clinic, test results, and discharge summaries). BetterLetter enables high quality structured data in the form of SNOMED codes to be entered against patient medical records and ensures that next steps and tasks requested of the practice are routed to the appropriate practice user. The documents processed by BetterLetter are not used for any purpose other than entering structured data to care records and creating workflow within Practice IT systems. BetterLetter is service is offered by Dyad Artificial Intelligence Limited, who have published a privacy policy at https://www.dyad.net/privacy-policy Legal Basis - Dyad/BetterLetter is the data processor on behalf of the Practice. The Practice are the data controller and directs the data processor under the guise of Direct Care under UK GDPR : • Article 6(1)(e) ‘...necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority...’; • Article 9(2)(h) ‘necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine Processor: Dyad/Better Letter
Consultation Transcription	Purpose: The practice intends to use ‘Heidi’ to process and transcribe clinical conversations, either between a clinician and patients or of a clinician dictating their clinical findings/management plan during, before or following patient consultations. The technology looks to capture relevant details such as different speakers, medical terminology and symptomatology. The intended purpose behind the technology is to alleviate the administrative burden on healthcare professionals, allowing a greater focus on patient care.

	Heidi have published a privacy policy at Privacy Policy UK Heidi Health Legal Basis – Patients will need to give their consent before this service can be used as a transcription. The Practice are the data controller and directs the data processor under the guise of Direct Care under UK GDPR : • Article 6(1)(e) ‘...necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority...’; • Article 9(2)(h) ‘necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine Processor: Heidi AI
Medicine Optimisation Review Service	Purpose: Asthma Medicine Optimisation Review Service, Cardiovascular Risk Reduction Type 2 Diabetes Service and COPD Therapy Review Service The service is designed to assist practices to implement a systematic approach to the management of patients with asthma to achieve control of the disease. The service aims to support practices in providing equity of care for patients with asthma through a programme of proactive risk assessment and care optimisation by: ► Identifying patients with a diagnosis of asthma to provide a baseline report detailing current asthma management with respect to level of symptoms and asthma attacks. Cardiovascular Risk Reduction Type 2 Diabetes Service The service aims to support practices in providing equity of care for patients with diabetes through a programme of proactive cardiovascular risk assessment and care optimisation by: ► Stratification of patients with a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes to provide a baseline report detailing current type 2 diabetes management and identification of cohorts of patients who may benefit from optimisation of current type 2 diabetes management. COPD Therapy Review Service The therapy review service is designed to assist practices to implement a systematic approach to the management of patients with COPD to reduce symptoms, the risk of exacerbations, and to identify opportunities to align to the NHS long term plan regarding sustainable prescribing (where clinically appropriate for patients). It supports practices in achieving the key long-term goals of COPD management through a proactive assessment of all patients with a diagnosis of COPD and through the provision of pharmacist-led consultations for patients with a predicted FEV1 $\geq$ 30% falling in defined cohorts. Legal Basis – We may share anonymous patient information 3rd party organisations for the purpose of exploring new ways of providing healthcare and treatment for patients with certain conditions. This data will not be used for any other purpose. The Practice are the

	data controller and directs the data processor under the guise of Direct Care under UK GDPR : • Article 6(1)(e) ‘...necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority...’; • Article 9(2)(h) ‘necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine Processor: Interface Clinical Services Ltd
OpenSAFELY COVID-19 and Data Analytics Services	Purpose: "NHS England has been directed by the government to establish and operate the OpenSAFELY COVID-19 Service and the OpenSAFELY Data Analytics Service. These services provide a secure environment that supports research, clinical audit, service evaluation and health surveillance for COVID-19 and other purposes. Each GP practice remains the controller of its own GP patient data but is required to let approved users run queries on pseudonymised patient data. This means identifiers are removed and replaced with a pseudonym. Only approved users are allowed to run these queries, and they will not be able to access information that directly or indirectly identifies individuals. Q and A regarding OpenSafely; https://transform.england.nhs.uk/information-governance/frequently-asked-questions/#questions-about-opensafely Legal Basis – UK GDPR – Article 6 basis: UK GDPR Article 6(1)(c) - processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject (the Directions). UK GDPR Article 9 basis: UK GDPR Article 9(2)(g) - processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest, on the basis of domestic law which shall be proportionate to the aim pursued, respect the essence of the right to data protection and provide for suitable and specific measures to safeguard the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject, by virtue of compliance with a direction supplemented by: Data Protection Act 2018 basis Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018) Schedule 1, Part 2, paragraph 6: Statutory etc and government purposes. Patients who do not wish their data to be used as part of this process can register a type 1 opt out with their GP. Here you can find additional information about OpenSAFELY." Processor: NHS England, EMIS (now known as OPTUM)

We keep our Privacy Notice under regular review. This notice was last reviewed on 2nd September 2025.

Lawful basis for processing:

The processing of personal data in the delivery of direct care and for providers' administrative purposes in this surgery and in support of direct care elsewhere is supported under the following Article 6 and 9 conditions of the UK GDPR:

- Article 6(1)(e) '...necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority...'; and
- Article 9(2)(h) 'necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems and services..."